RESEARCH ETHICS IN TIMES OF WAR: ACADEMIC INTEGRITY IN HIGHER EDUCATION

The article is devoted to the problem of ethics of scientific research by young scientists under martial law.

The development of education and science is continuous, which requires the scientific community to conduct research on topical issues in various fields of human activity. In particular, in today's environment, research by young scientists and higher education students is of particular importance. They bring to science a new perspective on the challenges of our time, which allows us to rethink traditional approaches and develop innovative ideas. The younger generation of researchers, thanks to their critical thinking and courage in putting forward their own assumptions, question well-known theories. It is their ability to assess problems in a new way and open up new research horizons that contributes to the dynamic development of science, shaping progressive trends in the educational and scientific space.

Academic integrity plays an important role in filtering the entire flow of information that is accumulated in the course of scientific research, especially that which is published on the Internet. A virtuous scientist not only creates a high quality and reliable basis for further research, but also knows how to identify relevant and important scientific works aimed at solving modern problems. Such a person is able to critically evaluate scientific materials, identify errors, irrelevance or obsolescence of certain data and, if necessary, «cancel» them from scientific circulation. This helps to ensure the purity of the scientific space and preserve the high quality of knowledge on which further research is based.

Higher education students play an important role in the development of science, as their research, innovations and critical approaches form the basis for future scientific achievements. In today's educational environment, young scientists are able to bring fresh ideas and new perspectives that help solve the current problems faced by society. However, to ensure the quality and originality

Scientific activity in the process of professional training of higher education students is directly related to the writing of term papers, diploma papers, master's theses, as well as articles, abstracts, reports, participation in scientific and practical conferences, round tables, seminars, etc.

Under martial law, traditional educational processes are undergoing transformations, and innovative forms and methods are of particular importance in order to increase the level of academic integrity among students.

One of the innovative methods is the use of digital platforms that allow higher education students to take online courses and trainings on academic integrity.

Future specialists have the opportunity to learn about examples of ethical behavior in science, learn how to recognize plagiarism and understand how to avoid dishonesty.

In addition, in the process of enhancing academic integrity, it is advisable to conduct pair and group research, in which higher education students not only work on their own work, but also monitor the ethical standards of their partners and co authors.

Under martial law, it is advisable to provide future professionals with stable access to the resources and information sources necessary for research, as well as to support the motivation and interest of higher education students to consciously observe academic integrity in the educational and scientific space. One of the ways to overcome dishonesty in higher education is to promote flexible planning and organization of time for completing tasks, changes in the schedules for presenting research results.

We believe that the problem of maintaining the academic integrity of higher education students in wartime has not yet been sufficiently studied from the value aspect. Therefore, we see the prospect of the study in a detailed disclosure of the peculiarities of fostering value orientations in solving educational and scientific problems, adhering to the ethics of scientific research.